

## Framing Present Challenges in the EU agenda

### #HorizonEU

Harald Hartung Head of Unit, Open and inclusive societies 30 January 2019



# 1. Structure and Place of SSH in Horizon Europe

2. SSH Integration – latest findings and way forward

3. To Societal Impact in Horizon Europe



# 1. Structure and Place of SSH in Horizon Europe



## **Horizon Europe**

is the Commission proposal for a € 100 billion research and innovation funding programme for seven years (2021-2027)



to strengthen the EU's scientific and technological bases



to boost Europe's innovation capacity, competitiveness and jobs



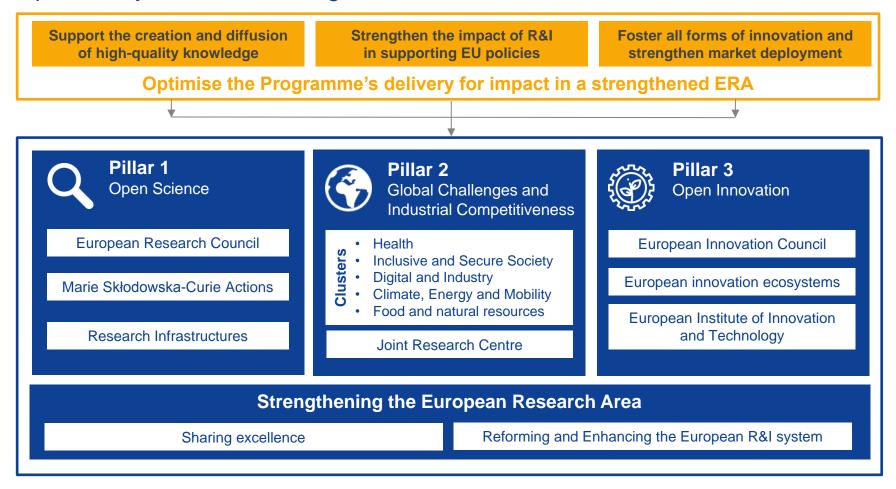
to deliver on citizens' priorities and sustain our socioeconomic model and values

Additional € 4.1 billion are proposed to be allocated for defence research, in a separate proposal for a European Defence Fund



## Horizon Europe: evolution not revolution

### Specific objectives of the Programme





### **Lessons Learned**

### from Horizon 2020 Interim Evaluation



Support breakthrough innovation





Create more impact through mission-orientation and citizens' involvement





Strengthen international cooperation





Reinforce openness





Rationalise the funding landscape



# **Key Novelties** in Horizon Europe

European Innovation Council

**R&I Missions** 

Extended association possibilities

**Open science policy** 

New approach to Partnerships



## Pillar II – Evidence from the Impact Assessment

## A systemic approach along the lines of the SDGs and the Paris Climate Agreement

- Clusters break classical boundaries between disciplines, sectors and policy areas
- Interdisciplinarity brings more collaboration and increased impact (Allmendinger, RISE policy brief, 2015)
  - It generates new knowledge with transformative power
  - Explores and exploits new types of problem-driven and user-oriented R&I
  - Accelerate value creation across different industries (e.g. synthetic biology, nanoscience, smart cities)
- Engaging all actors to co-design and co-create research and innovation
- Better alignment

  with actions in the rest of the world

  25 June 2018 | Version 23



### **Commission Proposal - Pillar 2**

### Global Challenges & Industrial Competitiveness:

boosting key technologies and solutions underpinning EU policies & Sustainable Development Goals

Clusters implemented through usual calls, missions & partnerships	)
Health	
Inclusive and Secure Society	
Digital and Industry	
Climate, Energy and Mobility	
Food and Natural Resources	

### **Joint Research Centre**

supports European policies with independent scientific evidence & technical support throughout the policy cycle



## Inclusive and Secure Society: fact & figures

- Freedom in the World Report 2018: democracy faces **most** serious crisis in decades. Decline in democratic standards a constant trend of last decade. Various European surveys show declining levels of trust to political institutions.
- Cultural Heritage creates 12 million jobs; promotes
   European values and helps develop a European Identity.
- Automation impact: 14% of jobs in 32 OECD countries are highly automatable, equivalent to 66 million jobs (OECD 2018. Also Mckinsey 2017).
- Need to reduce rising inequalities (European Pillar of Social Rights).
- Largest number of arrivals of refugees and migrants since end of Second World War. Respond to challenges, promote integration, enhance governance.

European

## **CLUSTER 2: Inclusive and Secure Society**

- Strengthen European democratic values and address issues of trust.
- Safeguard and promote our cultural heritage.
- Take advantage of socio-economic transformations and promote inclusive growth while responding to globalization, and technological advancements.
- Prepare for and respond to human-made and natural disasters, e.g. climate-related extreme weather events, terrorism, earthquakes
- Respond to changing security threats, both physical and digital, and support EU border management



# Three Intervention areas especially relevant for the SSH in Cluster 2:

### Democracy

Support the transparency, responsiveness, accountability effectiveness and legitimacy of <u>democratic governance</u> in full respect of fundamental rights and of the rule of law

### Cultural Heritage

Heritage studies and sciences, with cutting edge technologies including digital ones. <u>Access to and sharing of cultural heritage</u>, with innovative patterns and uses and participatory management models.

### Social and economic transformations

Knowledge base for <u>advice on investments and policies especially education</u> <u>and training, for high value added skills</u>, productivity, social mobility, growth, social innovation and job creation. The role of education and training to tackle Inequalities.



# Integration of SSH throughout the programme:

- Specific focus area on challenges for our societies in Cluster II of Horizon Europe on Inclusive and Secure Societites
- Inside and across Clusters, including Missions (social, economic, cultural, human aspects are essential for both impact and relevance)
- Continued monitoring while broadening the scope (the ambition is to cover practically the whole of Horizon Europe)
- Evaluation procedures (composition of panels, briefing and guidance documents)



# 2. SSH Integration – latest findings and way forward





# **Social Sciences & Humanities monitoring report Principles**

- Monitoring SSH integration is an obligation under the FP
- Two-fold approach to SSH in Horizon 2020 (streamlining of cross-cutting issue and focus in SC6 'Inclusive, innovative and reflective societies'
- Quantitative and qualitative assessment of SSH integration
- This report describes the integration of SSH in the SSH flagged topics and projects of the year 2017

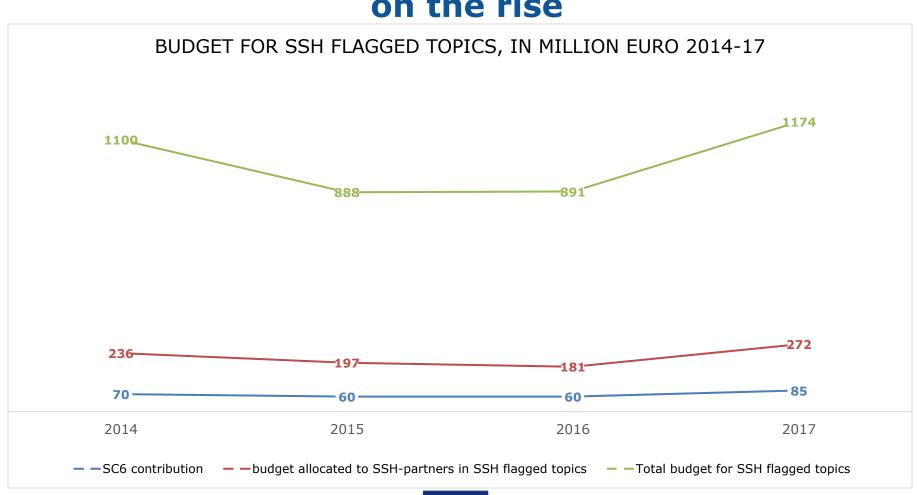


# Overview of SSH integration in other programme parts

- European Research Council (ERC): 23% of the overall grant financing went to SSH related projects
- Maria Skłodowska-Curie Actions (MSCA):15% of the total budget allocation was for SSH
- Research infrastructures (RI): the SSH related share stood at c. 6.7 % of the general RI expenditure
- Future Emerging Technologies (FET): c. 49.5% of total budget was allocated to SSH relevant topics

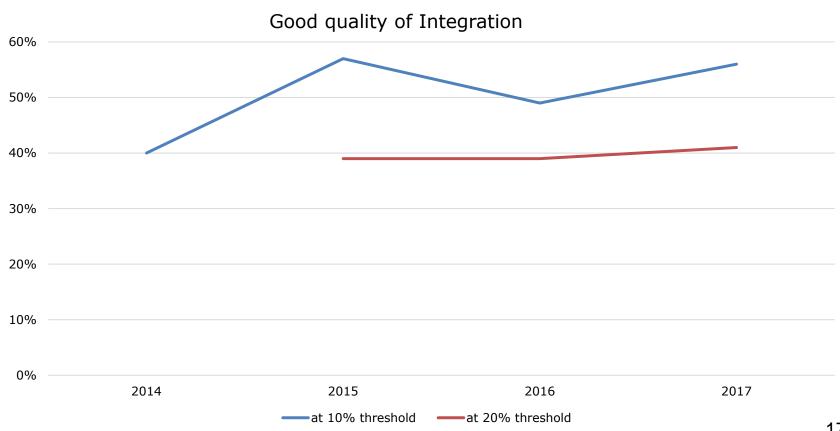


# I.1. The quantitative integration of SSH is clearly on the rise





# II.1. The quality of SSH integration is improving gradually





### **Conclusions**

### **Obligation to**

- integrate SSH expertise in relevant scientific projects
- monitor the quality of their integration in Horizon 2020

### Has led to

- major step forward in cross- sectoral co-operation in European research of which SSH integration is a precursor.
- > a rather stable level of quantitative and qualitative SSH integration
- probably reached its limits in the quantity and quality of SSH integration under the current rules.

=>The way in which SSH should be integrated will have to be redefined for the Horizon Europe Programme



## **Way forward for Horizon Europe**

- Flagging in a realistic way
- Follow a holistic approach covering the entire cycle (from co-design to selection and implementation of project)
- Integrate SSH expertise in a more binding way
  - Drafting calls/topics
  - Concept & consortia projects
  - > Evaluation & selection of project
  - > Evaluators with SSH expertise

# 3. Societal Impact in Horizon Europe

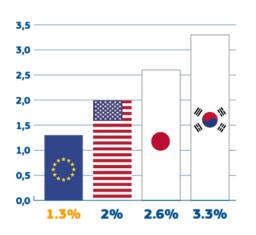


# While benefiting from world-class research and strong industries...

Our knowledge and skills are our main resources.

- → 7% of the world's population
- → 20% of global R&D
- → 1/3 of all high-quality scientific publications





1.3%
EU business
R&D
investment

...Europe fails to transform leadership in science into leadership in innovation and entrepreneurship



### Social Sciences and Humanities (SSH) in Horizon Europe

## **Inclusive and Secure Society: fact & figures**

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### **EVOLUTION FOR HORIZON EUROPE**

### Horizon 2020 system

- 3 headline indicators not directly attributable to the programme
- 55 Horizon 2020 Key performance and Cross-Cutting issues indicators:
  - 27 are related to management and implementation data (e.g. funding, participation)
  - 28 are related to **outputs**, **results or impacts**, out of which:
    - none is related to the whole programme (covering only programme parts)
    - 9 relate to publications
    - 7 relate to intellectual property rights and innovations
    - · 4 relate to leveraged funding
    - 4 relate to researchers' mobility and access to infrastructures

### **Evolution for Horizon Europe**

- All Horizon 2020 indicators related to outputs, results and impacts are maintained but streamlined and further specified to cover the whole Programme
- Management and implementation data are still collected and made available in close-to-real time through online
   Dashboard but are not part of "performance indicators"
- Key indicators are set at Programme level according to the Programme objectives and are attributable to the Programme
- Key indicators are classified according to 9 key impact pathways, for tracking impact through short, medium and long term indicators – for more accurate reporting over time
- Higher reliance on external data sources, qualitative data and automated data tracking to minimise burden on beneficiaries
- Possibility for programme part or action specific indicators (but not in the legal base)



## **Impact**

### **LEARNING FROM HORIZON 2020 INTERIM EVALUATION**

- Specificity of research and innovation (R&I) investments:
  - risky endeavor involving multiple trials and errors
  - spreading widely and unexpectedly into multiple domains & applications
  - providing invaluable solutions often in the very long term
- Need to be able to tell the difference EU funding is making at any moment in time: tell the story of the programme as a whole, according to its set of objectives
- Need realistic indicators to track progress in short, medium and long term
- > Need **minimised burden** on participants, also after project ends
- Need distinction between management indicators & performance indicators

### TRACKING IMPACT IN HORIZON EUROPE

### THREE TYPES OF IMPACT BASED ON OBJECTIVES



### **Scientific impact**

Create and diffuse high-quality new knowledge, skills, technologies and solutions to global challenges



### **Societal impact**

Strengthen the impact of research and innovation in developing, supporting and implementing EU policies, and support the uptake of innovative solutions in industry and society to address global challenges



### **Economic impact**

Foster all forms of innovation, including breakthrough innovation, and strengthening market deployment of innovative solutions



## **Different impacts**

#### **Societal impact**

- Quality of life
- Health
- Enviroment
- Public services
- Policy
- Creative activity
- Public engagement
- Understanding
- Education

#### **Economic impact**

- Innovations
- Competitiveness
- Growth
- Jobs
- Budget savings

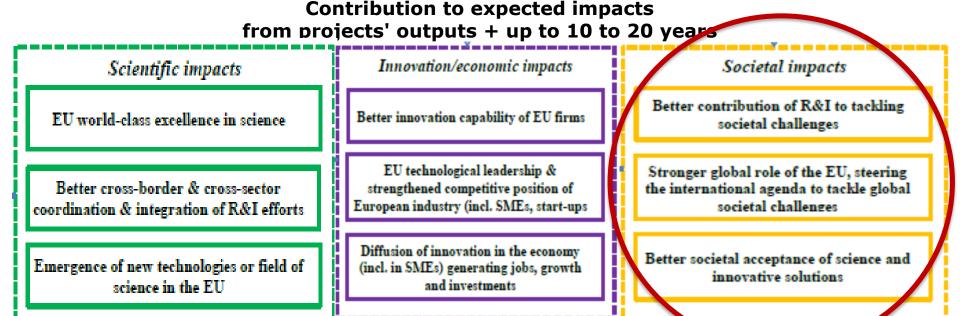
### **Academic impact**

- Theory
- Method
- Knowledge
- Technology development
- Researcher training
- Teaching and training
- Application



Source: University of Helsinki

## CLASSIFICATION OF IMPACTS FOR THE INTERIM EVALUATION HORIZON 2020

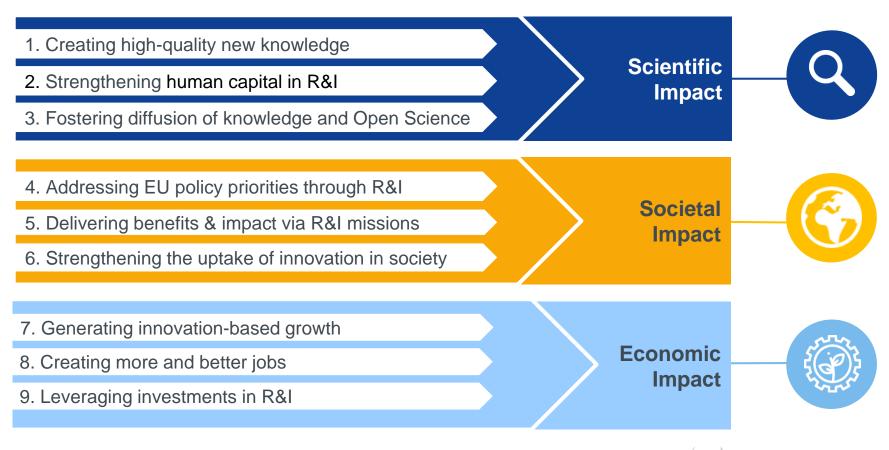


**Source: Interim Evaluation of Horizon 2020** 



### 3. TRACKING IMPACT IN HORIZON EUROPE

### 9 KEY IMPACT PATHWAYS TO TRACK PROGRESS





### Pathway 6. Strengthening the uptake of innovation in society



STORY LINE: The FP strengthens the uptake of innovation in society, as shown by the engagement of citizen in the projects and beyond the projects by improved uptake of scientific results and innovative solutions

### Indicator (short, medium, long-term)

**Typically** As of YEAR 1+

**Typically** As of YEAR 3+

**Typically** As of YEAR 5+

Number and share of FP projects where EU citizens and end-users contribute to the cocreation of R&I content

Number and share of **FP** beneficiary entities with citizen and end-users engagement mechanisms after **FP** project

**Uptake** and outreach of FP co-created scientific results and innovative solutions

Data needs: Collection of data at proposal stage on the roles of partners (incl. citizen) in the projects, structured survey of beneficiary entities and tracking of uptake and outreach through patents and trademarks and media analysis.



## **Horizon Europe**

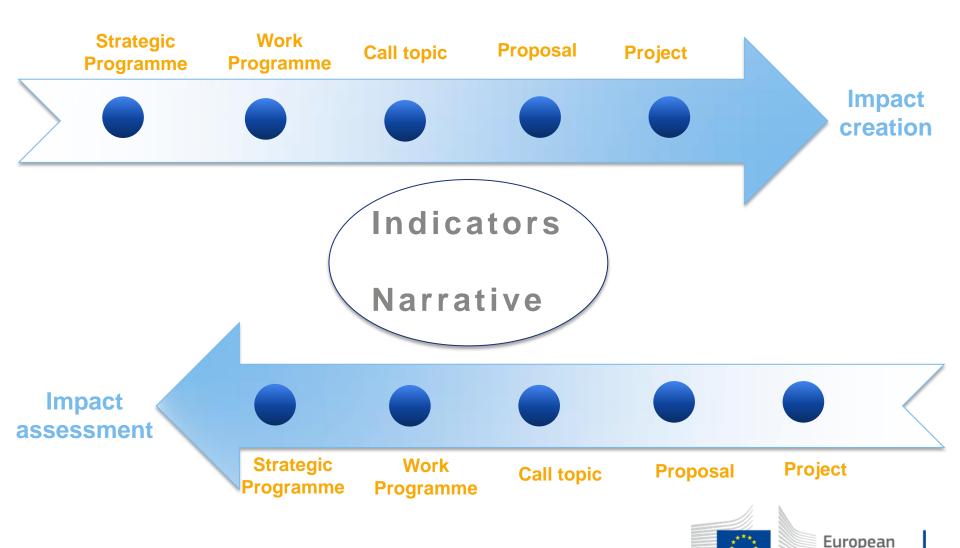
### Impact pathways will be time-sensitive:

- => **short** (typically as of one year, when the first projects are completed),
- => **medium** (typically as of three years, and for the interim evaluation) and
- => **long** term (typically as of five years, and for the ex-post evaluation).

They will contain both qualitative and quantitative information



# Holistic approach to impact



Commission



One of the great mistakes is to judge policies and programs by their intentions rather than their results.

Milton Friedman



## Thank you!

#HorizonEU

http://ec.europa.eu/horizon-europe

