# **Advanced Mathematics for Scientific Challenges**

## 2023-2024

### **Learning Objectives**

- Efficient methods for optimization problems: linear programming and convex optimization
- Homological techniques for shape analysis of data sets
- Ability to select suitable methods depending on each problem and its solution constraints

#### Assessment

Course marks will be based on assignments and delivery of exercises

#### **Teaching Blocks**

1. Optimization (Àngel Jorba, angel@maia.ub.es)

- 1.1. Elements of convex analysis
- 1.2. Linear optimization. The simplex method
- 1.3. One-dimensional optimization
- 1.4. Nonlinear unconstrained optimization
- 1.5. Nonlinear constrained optimization
- 2. Topological data analysis (Carles Casacuberta, carles.casacuberta@ub.edu)
  - 2.1. Simplicial homology
  - 2.2. Barcodes and persistence diagrams
  - 2.3. Persistence descriptors
  - 2.4. Stability theorems
  - 2.5. Applications to data analysis and machine learning

#### References

S. Boyd and L. Vandenberghe, Convex Optimization, Cambridge University Press, 2004

M. Minoux, Mathematical Programming; Theory and Algorithms, John Wiley & Sons, 1986

H. Edelsbrunner and J. Harer, Persistent homology: A survey, in: *Surveys on Discrete and Computational Geometry*, Contemp. Math. 453, Amer. Math. Soc., Providence, 2008, 257–282

R. Ghrist, Barcodes: The persistent topology of data, Bull. Amer. Math. Soc. 45 (2008), 61–75

F. Chazal and B. Michel, An introduction to topological data analysis: Fundamental and practical aspects for data scientists, *Frontiers in Artificial Intelligence*, September 2021

N. Otter, M. A. Porter, U. Tillmann et al., A roadmap for the computation of persistent homology, *EPJ Data Science* 6:17 (2017)