

An Algorithmic Approach to Codimension Theorems for Complete Toric Varieties

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Conference on
Applied Algebraic Geometry



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- $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} (\mathbb{C}[x_0, \dots, x_n] / \langle f_0, \dots, f_n \rangle)_{\rho} = 1$

- The residue map

$\text{res}_{\mathbf{f}} (\mathbb{C}[x_0, \dots, x_n] / \langle f_0, \dots, f_n \rangle)_{\rho} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ is an isomorphism

What is the residue map?

Algebraic definition

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$$\begin{aligned} \text{res}_f : (\mathbb{C}[x_0, \dots, x_n] / \langle f_0, \dots, f_n \rangle)_\rho &\rightarrow \mathbb{C} \\ [J_f] &\mapsto d_0 \dots d_n \end{aligned}$$

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- $0 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}^N \rightarrow A_{n-1}(X) \rightarrow 0$

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If all the α_i 's are ample

Cattani-Cox-Dickenstein 97 – Cattani-Dickenstein

97

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$$\sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \sum_{\dim(P_{\alpha_{i_1}} + \dots + P_{\alpha_{i_k}})=k} \#(P_{\alpha_{i_1}} + \dots + P_{\alpha_{i_k}})^\circ \cap \mathbb{Z}^n$$

Cox-Dickenstein 05

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The family $\{P_{\alpha_i}\}$ is *essential* $\iff$

$$\forall J \subsetneq \{0, \dots, n\}$$

$$\dim \left(\sum_{j \in J} P_{\alpha_j} \right) \geq j$$

Residues in toric varieties

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Cox 96 - Cattani-Cox-Dickenstein 97

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Cox 96 - Cattani-Cox-Dickenstein 97

It is not identically zero if P_{α_i} is a
lattice polytope $\forall i$ and $\{P_{\alpha_i}\}$ is
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Khetan-Soprunov 05

Elements of non-zero residue?

■ Toric jacobians

Cox 96, Cattani-Dickenstein 97

Elements of non-zero residue?

- Toric jacobians

Cox 96, Cattani-Dickenstein 97

- Discrete/combinatorial versions

Cattani-Cox-Dickenstein 97 – **D**-Khetan 05 –
Khetan-Soprnov 05

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Work in progress

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Any polynomial of the form $p \Delta$ has residue 0 with

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- Δ has residue 1 wrt $\{f_i, i \notin J\}$

Example

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$$\{y_0^{l-i-2}y_1^l J_x(f_0, f_2), x_0^{k-2-i}x_1^l J_y(f_1, f_2)\}_{i,l}$$

is a basis of $\text{Ker}(\text{res}_f)$

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is l.i. in $(\mathbb{C}[x_{I_j}]/\langle F_i, i \in I_j \rangle)_{\rho_{I_j}}$, then
 $\{x^{u_m} \Delta_j \mid u \in \Gamma_j, 1 \leq j \leq \ell\}$ is l.i. in
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D-Dickenstein-Soprnov

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and also

$$1 + \prod_{\dim(P_j)=1} \left(\#(P_j \cap \mathbb{Z}^n) - 1 \right)$$

D-Dickenstein-Sopruncov

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- $\Delta := \sum_a c_a x^a$

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- Compute bases of $(\mathbb{C}[x_{I_j}]/\langle F_i, i \in I_j \rangle)_{\rho_{I_j}}$
- Describe $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} (\mathbb{C}[x_1, \dots, x_N]/\langle f_0, \dots, f_n \rangle)_{\rho}$ in combinatorial terms

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MATEMAX

Computational Algebra, Algebraic Geometry and Applications II

Buenos Aires, Argentina, December 15-17 2025



Celebrating Alicia Dickenstein's contributions to Math and beyond

TOPICS OF THIS CONFERENCE INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO
Algebraic Geometry, Toric Geometry, Tropical Geometry, and their Applications to Biology

Thanks!



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